

MSI Briefing: The impact of COVID-19 on reproductive rights & access

Spotlight Webinar Series, 19th August 2020

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Marie Stopes International

Today's speakers:



Anisa Berdellima Senior Manager of Impact & Sustainability Marie Stopes International



Dr Kayode Afolabi Director of Reproductive Health Federal Ministry of Health, Nigeria



Dr Rashmi Ardey Clinical Services Director Foundation for Reproductive Health Services India



Whitney Chinogwenya Marketing Manager Marie Stopes South Africa



Chair: Bethan Cobley Director of External Affairs Marie Stopes International

Today's Aim:

Sharing the impact of COVID-19 on reproductive health and rights, seen across MSI's programmes and our Ipsos MORI survey.

Please feel free to submit questions throughout

The webinar recording will be shared

Agenda:

- 1. Resilience, Adaptation and Action: MSI's response to COVID-19 Bethan Cobley
- 2. The impact of COVID-19 on MSI's services and women's access Anisa Berdellima
- 3. Facing the pandemic in public and private partnership Dr Kayode Afolabi
- 4. Life under lockdown: The impact of COVID on SRHR in India Dr Rashmi Ardey
- **5.** A catalyst for change: Telemedicine in South Africa under COVID-19 Whitney Chinogwenya
- 6. Discussion and Audience Q&A

Barriers to reproductive health under COVID-19

COVID-19 has led to:

- Restrictions on movement
- Lack of awareness of where to access SRHR services
- Supply chain disruptions
- Overwhelmed health systems
- Resources diverted to COVID-19 response





Our Ipsos MORI survey of women's access and rights under lockdown found:

Lower awareness of where to access services

Only 21% of surveyed women in the UK were aware that abortion services were available at a clinic during the pandemic, compared to 81% pre-COVID

 In India, awareness of abortions services decreased from 61% to 44% pre- and during the pandemic

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Findings from a survey MSI commissioned with Ipsos MORI, asking an online sample of 1000 women aged 16-50 per country in the UK, South Africa and India about their experiences of reproductive healthcare before and during the COVID-19 pandemic

Our Ipsos MORI survey of women's access and rights under lockdown found:

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Need remains high for abortion, contraception and SGBV services

 13% of respondents in India reported a need for abortion services during the pandemic and 1 in 3 women (35%) reporting a need for contraceptive advice, service or products

 1 in 10 women (9%) in India reported a need for a domestic abuse service during the pandemic Our Ipsos MORI survey of women's access and rights under lockdown found:

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Women face increased barriers to access

 A third of women in India (31%) and a quarter of women in South Africa (26) who needed a contraceptive service were unable to leave home to receive a service due to fear of COVID-19 infection

 A third of women (30%) seeking an abortion in India reported that their local clinic was closed

 A third (30%) of women in India reported the wait time for an appointment was 1-2 weeks and 9% reported a wait-time of more than 5 weeks

The crisis has also created a catalyst for change

Resilience and adaptation with:

- Government leadership to protect access
- Innovations to deliver healthcare remotely
- Dedication of frontline providers to keep services open, safely





MSI's new report: Resilience, Adaptation & Action



RESILIENCE, ADAPTATION AND ACTION MSI'S RESPONSE TO COVID-19

MARIE STOPES



The impact of COVID-19 on SRHR service delivery insights from MSI



Anisa Berdellima Senior Manager of Impact and Sustainability Marie Stopes International

When COVID-19 started there were many unknowns

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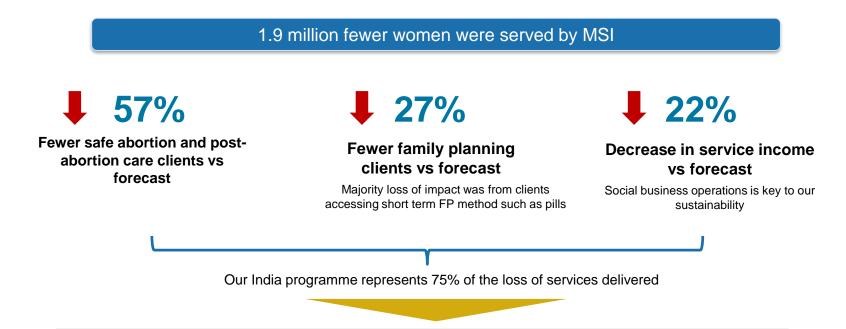
What we thought was going to happen

- Potential severe disruption of operations
- Significant reduction in clients served
- Changes in FP method mix/preference
- Impact on reaching poorest and most marginalised

Modelled three different scenarios

- Estimated between 4 9.5 million fewer clients would be served as a result of COVID-19
- As a results of this, in the remainder of 2020 we predicted the following potential outcomes as a result of decreased access to MSI services:
 - 1.3 3 million unintended pregnancies
 - > 1.2 2.7 million unsafe abortions
 - > 5 11 thousand maternal deaths
- From March to June we have monitored this closely and have gathered insights from:
 - Routine data
 - Country programmes
 - Clients

Due to COVID-19 disruptions we have reached 1.9 million fewer women with services than predicted

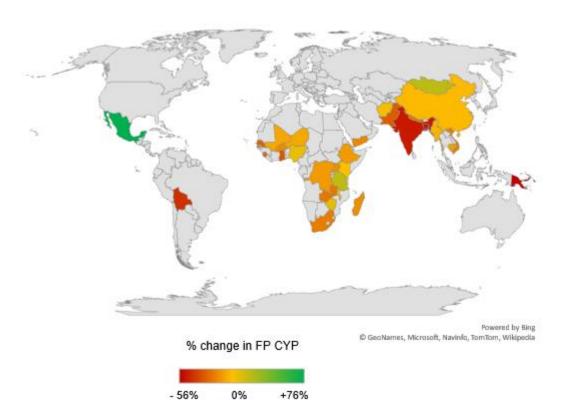


- By not being able to provide services to 1.9 million women we estimate there will be an additional:
 - 1.5 m unsafe abortions
 - 900,000 unintended pregnancies
 - 3,100 maternal deaths (mostly driven by potential increase in unsafe abortions)

Key message: The impact has overall been less severe than anticipated

While all our operations were affected, Asia has taken the biggest hit

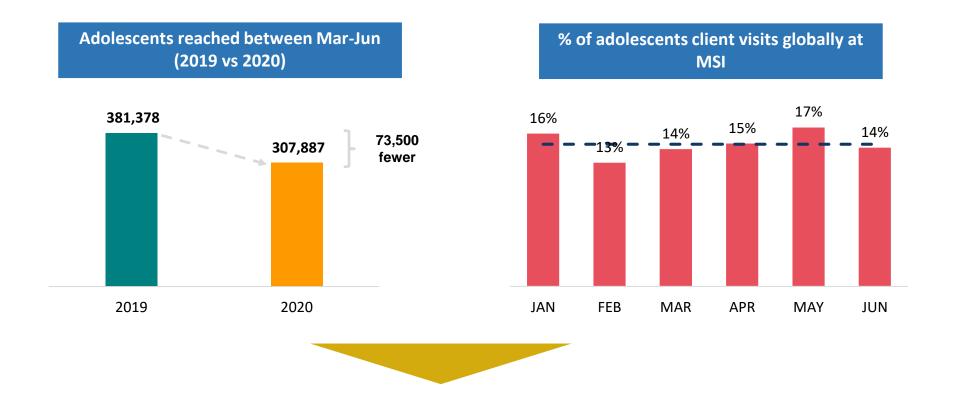
Actual performance vs Forecast in FP CYP (Mar-Jun 2020)



- India, Bangladesh and PNG faced longer lockdowns and supply chains disruptions
- In Africa we have seen less impact as programmes have experienced shorter lockdowns
- Programmes in Nigeria Tanzania, and Zimbabwe have seen an increase in the number of clients and in Mexico the number of women seeking our services has doubled

Notes: Couple years of protection (CYPs) is a measure that estimates the protection from pregnancy provided by contraceptive methods during a one-year period.

We have continued to reach adolescents with our services, maintaining the same proportion as pre-COVID



Although the total number of adolescent clients has decreased, our overall proportion of adolescents clients have remained consistent, averaging at 15% globally

Agility, flexibility and innovative spirit have driven timely adaptive programming

Stop non-essential activities

- All non-essential activities, such field research put on pause
- Cash preserved for service delivery scale up

Innovative service delivery

- Centres using online booking to better manage client flow
- Madagascar mobile clinics
- Telemedicine where permitted
- COVID messaging integrated into SBCC and counselling

Protect

- · PPE for all providers
- Respect social distancing with clients
- Comply with government regulations
- · Use contact centres to disseminate information on COVID-19

- From team meetings to workshops with online platforms
- bottom-up participation and reduced costs
- Internet connection and managing work life remains a challenge

Monitor and adapt

- Weekly situational and operational updates from country programmes
- Increased use of routine data
- · Frequent updates to our partners

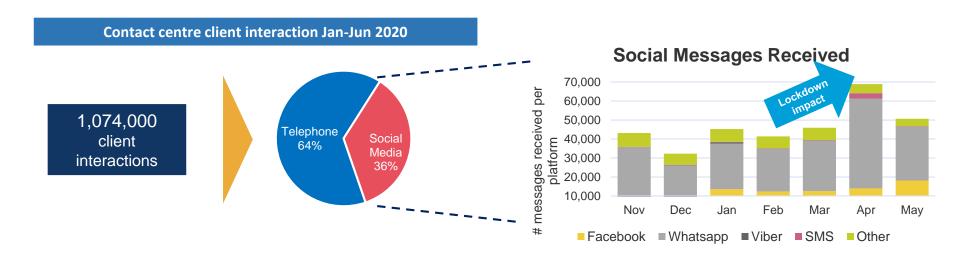


COVID has catalysed innovation across MSI's country programmes

- Adjust to working
- remotely

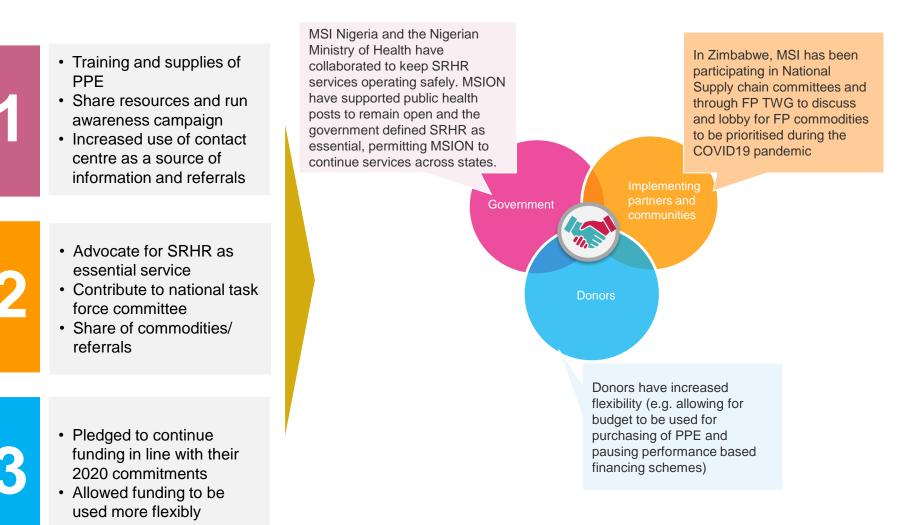
 - This has increased

Contact centres are playing a frontline role in keeping women informed and connected to care under lockdown



- Globally, there has been a shift towards social media messaging in our contact centres during COVID-19
- **50% increase** in social media messages from March to April 2020 mainly driven by WhatsApp
- Indicates need and preference for confidential information on sexual and reproductive healthcare while under lockdown, potentially with parents or abusive partners.

The pandemic has demonstrated the importance of partnership and collaboration



Looking to the future – what can we expect?

- The impact on service delivery and access has been less than expected; however **1.9m women** have not been able to access MSI's services when needed, and in some countries the worst is potentially yet to come
- · Safe abortion and post-abortion clients are facing particular barriers

Risks

- Second wave of pandemic/ more lockdowns
- Supply chain disruption from China and India
- Increased restriction on exports
- Decreased donor funding as priority shifts toward economic recovery

Opportunities

- Integrate service delivery with other health services such as vaccination, food distribution
- Expansion of telemedicine in more countries
- Increased use of remote working through online platforms



- The situation remains fluid and continuously changing from one country to another; requiring programmes to adapt faster than ever
- Need for SRHR service will only increase especially for safe abortion and post abortion care, as we will likely see an increased need for second trimester abortions following lockdown

Facing the pandemic in partnership Lessons from Nigeria



Dr Kayode Afolabi Director of Reproductive Health Federal Ministry of Health, Nigeria

Marie Stopes Nigeria's collaboration with the MoH has lead to increased access of high quality SRH services

MS Nigeria's collaboration started with the MoH in 2009

- At the end of 2019, 2148 public facilities were supported by MSION
- This reach was across over 600 LGAs in 34 States, serving clients in both urban and rural areas.
- Over the last 5 years, the partnership has led to:
 - 5.8 million client reached with services

of the total demand for FP amongst women of reproductive age in 2019 was satisfied by the PSS facilities that MSION supports*

*Source: MSI's Impact 2 (version 5) Too; UN Family Planning Indicators 2020

2,000,000 1,800,000 1,600,000 1,400,000 **Client Visits** 1,200,000 1,000,000 800,000 600,000 400.000 200,000 0 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019

Annual growth in clients reached through public sector strengthening

Client visits

We have seen a 4 fold increase in number of women accessing services through MSION PSS supported sites

Long lasting

Impact stretches beyond the number of client visits

- 7,482 public sector providers have been trained in SRH service provision
- These providers are now qualified to provide high quality services, even beyond the direct support of MSION

High Impact

2019 services provided by MSION:

- 1.9 million client visits
- Reached 141,000 client visits under the age of 20
- **1.1 million** women receiving a long-acting reversible method of contraception

This strong partnership between the public sector and MSI Nigeria has laid the groundwork for a strong, collaborative response to the crisis:

- With the government SRHR services as essential, MSI teams are able to move between states and deliver care to women when needed most
- Through partnership between Ministry of Health and MSI Nigeria, Nigeria has integrated SRHR services in the government's COVID-19 response.

*Source: MSI's Impact 2 (version 5) Tool

SRHR under lockdown The impact of COVID-19 on safe abortion services in India



Dr. Rashmi Ardey Clinical Services Director FRHS India

Safe abortion access in India pre-COVID

Estimated number of abortions per year – 15.6 million

Of these, nationally it is estimated that services are accessed via:

- MA drugs out of facilities 73%
- Private facilities 16%
- Public facilities 6%
- Traditional unsafe methods 5%





Source: Ipas, Compromised Abortion Access due to COVID-19 report

Factors impacting abortion access under COVID

- Nationwide lockdown with restrictions on movement and no public transport, preventing access to pharmacies / facilities
- Reallocation of resources to COVID-19 with public health facilities and staff re-designated as COVID-19 treatment centres
- **Private health facilities closed** due to provider unavailability and lack of PPE
- Disruption in supply chain of MA drugs





The Impact: Clients unable to access services and long-term ramifications

The adverse impact on services will have a long-term impact on maternal morbidity and mortality

It has been estimated that due to the pandemic, across MSI's two programmes in India:

- **1.3 million fewer** women served by Family Planning and Safe Abortion care services
- 920,000 fewer CAC/PAC services, 90% less than predicted

This could result in an additional:

- 1 million unsafe abortions
- 650,000 unintended pregnancies
- 2600 maternal deaths





*Source: MSI's Impact 2 (version 5) Tool. This is under the assumption that these services will not be provided elsewhere

What can be done to protect access in India?

- MA through Telemedicine provides the potential to expand access safely despite severe lockdowns
- We must access to safe abortion services in facilities too, to ensure surgical abortion services are available

Ensure easy availability of MA drugs

Recognise sexual and reproductive healthcare as essential services, which should continue despite national emergencies





A Catalyst for Change Delivering safe abortion via telemedicine in South Africa



Whitney Chinogwenya Marketing Manager Marie Stopes South Africa

The challenge: High unsafe abortion rates in South Africa, expected to rise during COVID-19



Designated facilities providing SA (Amnesty International 2017)

s providing SA

* Source: Stats SA 2013



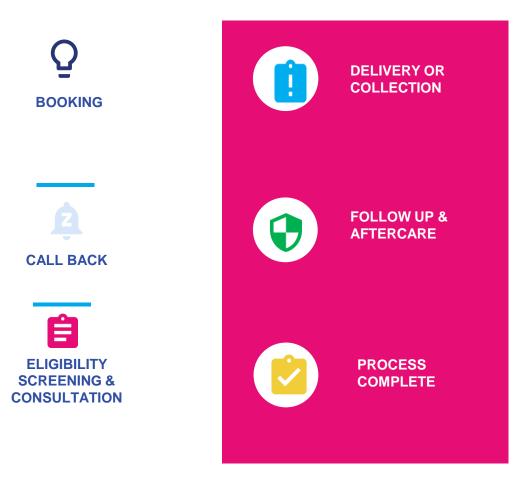
Telemedicine in a low resource setting

THE PROCESS

How Does It Work?

• Marie Stopes introduced the Telemedicine Service Channel in April 2020.

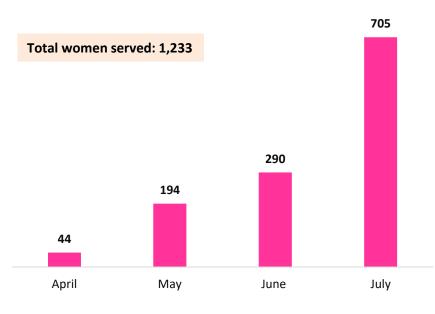
 Initially calls would be transferred to available nurses in our clinics across the country but we now have Telemedicine Hubs in Cape Town and Sandton which have dedicated Telehealth medical professionals and administrators



Impact: Over 1200 women served during COVID

SERVICES PROVIDED:

Completed self managed abortion services



RESULTING IN:

- Wider reach, protecting access to safe abortion during the pandemic
- Less expensive to deliver services
 - no infrastructure or travel costs
- Efficient and client-centred, with no queuing and lower COVID risk
- Confidentiality, as we know clients
 value privacy in abortion care



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Any questions?

- Bethan Cobley, Director of External Affairs, MSI
- Anisa Berdellima, Senior Manager of Impact & Sustainability
- Dr Kayode Afolabi, Director of Reproductive Health, Federal Ministry of Health, Nigeria
- Dr Rashmi Ardey, Clinical Services Director, FRHS India
- Whitney Chinogwenya, Marketing Manager, MSI South Africa

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Thank you!



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